

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 20, 2011

AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 31, 2011

AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 17, 2011

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 26, 2011

AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 29, 2011

SENATE BILL

No. 468

Introduced by Senator Kehoe

February 17, 2011

An act to add Sections 103 and 149.10 to the Streets and Highways Code, relating to transportation.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 468, as amended, Kehoe. Department of Transportation: north coast corridor project: high-occupancy toll lanes.

Existing law provides that the Department of Transportation has full possession and control of the state highway system. Existing law imposes various requirements for the development and implementation of transportation projects.

This bill would impose additional requirements on the department with respect to specified highway projects on State Highway Route 5 in southern California, known collectively as the north coast corridor project, that are located entirely or partially in the coastal zone, including requiring the department to collaborate with local agencies, the California Coastal Commission, and other affected local, state, and federal agencies to ensure that multimodal transportation options are evaluated and included, *where appropriate*, in the *project design and the public works plan* for the projects. The bill would make these

requirements applicable to the San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG) and would also require SANDAG, for these projects, to establish a safe routes to transit program that integrates the adopted regional bike plan with transit services and, pursuant to SANDAG's agreement, as specified, to commit to dedicate for regional habitat acquisition, management, and monitoring activities a portion of specified taxes approved by the voters in San Diego County. The bill would, for these projects, require the department to suspend a notice of determination relating to environmental impact, issued between January 1, 2011, and January 1, 2012, until it is determined that environmental documents for the projects satisfy the requirements of the bill. The bill would also make legislative findings and declarations.

Existing law authorizes SANDAG to conduct, administer, and operate a value pricing high-occupancy toll (HOT) lane program on 2 corridors included in the high-occupancy vehicle lane system in San Diego County.

This bill would also authorize SANDAG to conduct, administer, and operate a value pricing HOT lane on State Highway Route 5. The bill would require SANDAG to carry out the HOT lane program in cooperation with the department and would require revenues from the program to be used for the costs of the program, for improvement of transit services, and for high-occupancy vehicle facilities.

By imposing additional requirements on SANDAG, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes.
State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the
- 2 following:
- 3 (a) The California coastal zone is a unique natural resource, the
- 4 protection of which is recognized as a shared responsibility of the
- 5 state, local governments, and regional entities. State, local, and
- 6 regional agencies desiring to make investments in transportation

1 infrastructure within the coastal zone have an affirmative obligation
2 to ensure that investments do not compromise or diminish existing
3 natural resources, including the coastal zone flora and fauna, water
4 quality, and unique views.

5 (b) The coastal zone is also a unique economic resource with
6 both its natural and built environment being a destination for
7 individuals, families, and groups to enjoy the diversity of
8 recreational opportunities.

9 (c) Contributing to these ends, the California Coastal Act of
10 1976 (*Division 20 (commencing with Section 30000) of the Public*
11 *Resources Code*) establishes policies for the protection and
12 enhancement of resources in the coastal zone as a priority of
13 statewide importance.

14 (d) Transportation investments to be made in the coastal zone
15 should not erode the very qualities that make it an attractive setting
16 in which to live, work, and recreate.

17 (e) The California Coastal Act of 1976 is intended to protect,
18 maintain, and, where feasible, enhance and restore the overall
19 quality of the coastal zone environment and its natural and artificial
20 resources; ensure orderly, balanced utilization and conservation
21 of coastal zone resources taking into account the social and
22 economic needs of the people of the state; maximize public access
23 to and along the coast; and encourage state and local initiatives
24 and cooperation in preparing procedures to implement coordinated
25 planning and development for mutually beneficial uses in the
26 coastal zone.

27 (f) In accordance with the California Coastal Act of 1976, future
28 developments that are carefully planned and developed are essential
29 to the economic and social well-being of the people of this state
30 and especially to working persons employed within the coastal
31 zone.

32 (g) The north coast corridor project is a 27-mile long series of
33 projects within the coastal zone that includes improvements to a
34 segment of State Highway Route 5, and the Los Angeles-San
35 Diego-San Luis Obispo (LOSSAN) rail corridor, and is projected
36 to take up to 40 years to complete. The north coast corridor portion
37 of the LOSSAN rail corridor operates between the City of
38 Oceanside and the City of San Diego in San Diego County, with
39 stations along its route. The LOSSAN rail corridor is used for
40 intercity and commuter rail passenger service and for freight service

1 and includes *a portion of* the coastal rail trail. Where applicable,
2 all references to the north coast corridor project in this ~~section~~ *act*
3 are also a reference to the individual projects making up the entire
4 north coast corridor project.

5 (h) ~~The department~~ *Department of Transportation (department)*
6 and the Federal Highway Administration are responsible for
7 developing an environmental document and constructing
8 improvements to State Highway Route 5, and the department and
9 the Federal Railroad Administration have prepared a programmatic
10 environmental document for the LOSSAN corridor. *Nothing in*
11 *this section is intended to conflict with the authority of the*
12 *department, the San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG),*
13 *or the Federal Railroad Administration to prepare one or more*
14 *project level environmental documents for all, or a portion of, the*
15 *LOSSAN corridor.*

16 (i) ~~The San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG)~~
17 SANDAG has agreed that it will be responsible for constructing
18 improvements in the LOSSAN corridor and funding portions of
19 the improvements to the LOSSAN corridor and State Highway
20 Route 5 within the north coast corridor using funding from a San
21 Diego County voter-approved transactions and use tax ordinance
22 known as TransNet (Proposition A, 2004). TransNet provides
23 SANDAG with economic benefits funding for use on regional
24 environmental projects such as those needed in the north coast
25 corridor.

26 (j) The coastal lagoons in the north coast corridor have
27 historically experienced adverse impacts to water quality and to
28 the numerous and varied sensitive habitat areas, and to plant and
29 wildlife species supported within and adjacent to the lagoons.
30 Historical alteration of lagoon areas from construction of highway
31 and rail crossings and realignment or channelization of inland
32 waterways have affected water quality and directly impacted
33 sensitive habitat areas. These impacts have occurred over decades
34 and require substantial resources and major restoration efforts to
35 remedy.

36 (k) Revenue from single-occupant-vehicle users of a managed
37 lanes system on State Highway Route 5 in the north coast corridor
38 could provide millions of dollars annually toward the support of
39 transit services and transportation improvements in the corridor.

1 (l) Reduced congestion in the north coast corridor would result
2 in less exhaust emissions per vehicle. Managed lanes and
3 anticipated congestion reduction on corridor general purpose lanes
4 would help reduce emissions per traveler and per trip in the north
5 coast corridor. The most recent air quality determinations for the
6 San Diego region air basin demonstrate that there is an urgency
7 in providing transportation options that will relieve health impacts,
8 reduce existing congestion on State Highway Route 5, and provide
9 enhanced transit services including nonmotorized options in the
10 north coast corridor.

11 (m) The ability to manage the use and vehicle composition of
12 managed lanes in the north coast corridor would provide flexibility
13 for changing the way the lanes on State Highway Route 5 are used
14 in the future. Changes to the use of managed lanes could address
15 changing technology, land use, travel patterns, travel demand,
16 economic conditions, and other travel characteristics, and allow
17 for higher vehicle occupancy, greater use of transit, or creation of
18 a truck route during certain times of day.

19 (n) The transportation sector of the economy is the largest
20 contributor of greenhouse gases in California. Activities that would
21 assist the San Diego region in meeting the reduction goals for
22 greenhouse gas emissions described in Assembly Bill 32 (Ch. 488,
23 Stats. 2006) and the objectives of Senate Bill 375 (Ch. 728, Stats.
24 2008), include the reduction of *per capita* vehicle miles traveled
25 and integrating transportation and land use to achieve high levels
26 of nonmotorized travel and transit use, achieving regional housing
27 needs, including identified affordable housing needs, reducing the
28 length of commutes, locating housing in closer proximity to job
29 centers, and other required or regionally recognized strategies that
30 address the relationships between land use, transportation,
31 economic considerations, air quality, and climate policy. It is the
32 intent of the Legislature that transportation infrastructure decisions
33 regarding the north coast corridor project achieve a coordinated
34 and balanced transportation system that considers both the
35 short-term and long-term future, and be consistent with the
36 countywide goals and objectives in the adopted Sustainable
37 Communities Strategy for San Diego County and the greenhouse
38 gas reduction targets established by the State Air Resources Board
39 for San Diego, consistent with Senate Bill 375 (Ch. 728, Stats.

2008), as well as other regional, statewide, and national transportation and environmental quality goals.

(o) The north coast corridor is a major economic corridor carrying about one-third of all freight in the San Diego region. The total value of goods transported on the north coast corridor via rail and State Highway Route 5 is estimated at eighty-nine billion dollars (\$89,000,000,000), and increased congestion in the north coast corridor will cause a detrimental constraint on commerce and the economy.

(p) Construction on the north coast corridor project is expected to provide thousands of jobs within the state, as well as increased recreation and goods movement revenue.

(q) Implementation of the objectives of the north coast corridor project is critical to the environment, economy, and welfare of the people in the San Diego region and throughout the state.

(r) Pursuant to Executive Order 13274, signed by President George W. Bush on September 18, 2002, the portion of State Highway Route 5 in the north coast corridor has been designated by the Secretary of Transportation as a high-priority transportation infrastructure project entitled to expedited federal environmental reviews.

(s) The north coast corridor project and its public works plan will meet the public needs of an area greater than that included in any local permitting agency's certified local coastal program and the breadth of those needs was not anticipated by the department and SANDAG when the local coastal programs were certified by the California Coastal Commission.

(t) The Legislature desires to address a balance of social, economic, and environmental interests by providing for the ability of the north coast corridor project to proceed if the project complies with the California Coastal Act of 1976 along with the further specifications in this ~~section~~ *act*.

SEC. 2. Section 103 is added to the Streets and Highways Code, to read:

103. (a) As used in this section, the following terms have the following meanings:

(1) "Multimodal" means transportation options within a transportation corridor, including, but not limited to, highways, rail lines, pedestrian walkways and bike lanes, and commuter transit services.

(2) “8+4 Buffer Alternative” means the addition of a multimodal managed lane facility consisting of two lanes on either side of State Highway Route 5 within the north coast corridor, separated from general purpose lanes by striping *or other approved traffic control devices*, and which, to the maximum extent feasible, is built within existing rights-of-way owned by the department. The managed lanes would give priority to high-occupancy vehicles, vanpools, and one or more bus rapid transit routes. Value pricing techniques would allow single-occupant vehicles to use the facility by paying a toll, as long as single-occupant vehicle use does not negatively impact the transit uses of the managed lanes.

(3) “Public works plan” means a plan as described in Section 30605 of the Public Resources Code. A public works plan allows for an integrated regulatory review by the California Coastal Commission rather than a project-by-project approval approach, but does not change or abridge any of the California Coastal Commission’s existing authorities, including, but not limited to, federal consistency review authorities under the *federal* Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (*16 U.S.C. Sec. 1451 et seq.*). The public works plan ~~is~~ *allows for* an expedited process that describes, evaluates, and provides mitigation ~~for~~ *measures for coastal access*, highway, transit, multimodal and community enhancement, and environmental mitigation projects within the north coast corridor.

(b) A public works plan issued for the north coast corridor project shall ~~cover~~ *include all of the applicable* elements of the north coast corridor project to be carried out by the department or the San Diego Association of Governments (SANDAG), including coastal access, highway, transit, *multimodal*, community enhancement, and environmental restoration, and mitigation projects. Once the public works plan for the north coast corridor has been approved and certified by the California Coastal Commission, ~~the projects in each phase shall be subject to a review for consistency with the public works plan by the California Coastal Commission prior to issuance of a permit or other determination, unless a project is inconsistent with the project description in subsequent review by the California Coastal Commission of a Notice of Intent to Develop for a specific project in the public works plan shall be limited to imposing conditions to ensure consistency of the project with the public works plan.~~ The public works plan shall satisfy all of the following:

1 (1) Identify the California Coastal Commission's area of original
2 jurisdiction and provide a process for obtaining coastal
3 development permits from the California Coastal Commission
4 directly in those areas.

5 (2) Contain, but not be limited to, the following elements: the
6 type, size, intensity, and location of all development included in
7 the north coast corridor project; the maximum and minimum size
8 of facilities proposed to be constructed; the standards to which the
9 projects should conform; the thresholds for when amendments to
10 the public works plan may be required; and a proposed timetable
11 and phasing program for all projects.

12 (3) Establish the mitigation measures that the department and
13 SANDAG will be required to undertake prior to construction of
14 each phase. The mitigation measures shall be described with
15 sufficient detail to allow the department and SANDAG to
16 accurately estimate the cost and effort associated with each
17 particular measure and avoid the need for an amendment to the
18 public works plan unless a project is inconsistent with the project
19 description in the current public works plan.

20 (c) For all elements of the north coast corridor project that are
21 located, entirely or in part, in the coastal zone, as defined by
22 Sections 30103 and 66610 of the Public Resources Code, the
23 department and SANDAG shall comply with all of the following
24 requirements:

25 (1) Collaborate with all stakeholders, including local agencies
26 through which the proposed project traverses, the California
27 Coastal Commission, and other affected local, state, and federal
28 agencies to ensure that multimodal transportation options are
29 evaluated and included, *where appropriate*, in the project design
30 *and public works plan*.

31 (2) SANDAG shall establish a safe routes to transit program
32 that integrates the adopted regional bike plan with transit services.

33 (3) SANDAG shall recommend that the department select the
34 8+4 Buffer Alternative as the preferred alternative for the State
35 Highway Route 5 north coast corridor after it makes a finding that
36 it is consistent with TransNet as approved by voters in 2004. The
37 determination of the preferred alternative shall be made by the
38 department and the Federal Highway Administration in their
39 environmental impact report or environmental impact statement,

1 and SANDAG shall include the preferred alternative in its next
2 update to the regional transportation plan.

3 (4) In order to reduce environmental impacts to the coastal
4 lagoons, both rail and highway bridges crossing each lagoon shall
5 be constructed concurrently and the bridge projects for both
6 highway and rail shall be included in the public works plan in
7 accordance with all necessary permits and reviews. SANDAG and
8 the department shall ensure that bridges are constructed to their
9 ultimate width and length so that construction impacts to each
10 lagoon are minimized.

11 (5) The public works plan shall evaluate the traffic impacts of
12 the proposed capacity-increasing highway project on city and
13 county streets and roads within the coastal zone, and the department
14 shall consult with the affected local jurisdictions regarding those
15 impacts and include the results of the consultations within the
16 public works plan.

17 (6) Environmental consequences of the proposed north coast
18 corridor project shall be monitored to ensure that the benefits from
19 mitigation, as described in the permits issued for the individual
20 projects, are being achieved.

21 (7) Construction of all or a portion of the capacity-increasing
22 project on State Highway Route 5 shall move forward concurrently
23 with multimodal projects and environmental mitigation and
24 enhancement projects within each phase, as specified in the public
25 works plan. The phasing plan shall include criteria specified by
26 the California Coastal Commission within the public works plan
27 that shall be met before the next phase of development can occur,
28 and each phase shall include a balance of transit and highway
29 improvements. Although the department and SANDAG shall
30 endeavor to maintain a balance of transit, rail, highway, and
31 environmental improvements in each phase, nothing in this section
32 is intended to limit the ability of ~~the California Coastal~~
33 ~~Commission~~, the department, or SANDAG *to seek a public works*
34 *plan amendment from the California Coastal Commission in order*
35 *to accelerate a project from a later phase in the public works plan*
36 *if additional funding is identified to carry out the project at an*
37 *earlier stage than originally intended.*

38 (8) Prior to a public works plan being submitted to the California
39 Coastal Commission by the department and SANDAG, the

1 department and SANDAG shall provide at least two public hearings
2 on the public works plan for the north coast corridor project.

3 (9) SANDAG has agreed that it will be responsible for
4 constructing improvements in the Los Angeles-San Diego-San
5 Luis Obispo rail corridor and funding portions of the improvements
6 to that corridor and State Highway Route 5 within the north coast
7 corridor using funding from a San Diego County voter-approved
8 transaction and use tax ordinance known as TransNet. Pursuant to
9 that agreement, SANDAG shall commit to dedicate a portion of
10 the TransNet Regional Habitat Conservation Fund for regional
11 habitat acquisition, management, and monitoring activities
12 necessary to implement habitat conservation plans based on the
13 estimated economic benefits derived from permitting and approval
14 efficiencies on the north coast corridor project as a result of the
15 procedures of this section, ~~after all necessary permits are obtained~~
16 ~~for the north coast corridor project, including the coastal~~
17 ~~development permit, and after the California Coastal Commission~~
18 ~~has approved the public works plan and made all federal~~
19 ~~consistency determinations.~~ *with that funding to be released by*
20 *SANDAG in phases based upon the proportion of project work*
21 *that has been issued permits, consistency reviews, or other*
22 *applicable approvals, and in accordance with any other criteria*
23 *as deemed appropriate by SANDAG taking into account the*
24 *purpose and intent of TransNet.*

25 (d) The California Coastal Commission, the department, and
26 SANDAG shall work cooperatively toward completing all design
27 approvals, reviews, determinations, and permitting for the north
28 coast corridor project on an expedited basis. To meet the goals in
29 this section, the following provisions shall apply:

30 (1) The Legislature finds that it is the California Coastal
31 Commission's role to apply a regional or statewide perspective to
32 land use debates where the use in question is of greater than local
33 significance. ~~Pursuant to Section 30515 of the Public Resources~~
34 ~~Code, the California Coastal Commission is permitted to directly~~
35 ~~review and approve proposed or necessary amendments to a local~~
36 ~~coastal program. SANDAG and the department are authorized to~~
37 ~~submit a public works plan and request that the California Coastal~~
38 ~~Commission exercise its authority to amend any portion of a local~~
39 ~~jurisdiction's local coastal program that is affected by the north~~
40 ~~coast corridor project. In the interest of efficiency and reduction~~

1 ~~of expenses for local agencies with a certified local coastal~~
2 ~~program, the department, SANDAG, and To that end, the~~
3 ~~California Coastal Commission are is~~ authorized to utilize Section
4 30515 of the Public Resources Code for the north coast corridor
5 project *and the process referenced in that section may be*
6 *streamlined pursuant to agreement between the California Coastal*
7 *Commission and those jurisdictions with an approved local coastal*
8 *program.*

9 (2) The department and SANDAG shall perform work and
10 complete development ~~in conformance~~ *consistent* with the phasing
11 program adopted in the public works plan *pursuant to subdivision*
12 *(b)* unless changes are reviewed and approved by the California
13 Coastal Commission.

14 (3) A public works plan prepared for the north coast corridor
15 project by the department and SANDAG shall be treated as a
16 long-range development plan to which the provisions in Sections
17 21080.5 and 21080.9 of the Public Resources Code shall apply.

18 (4) A permitting agency's decision to review and approve a
19 public works plan, a plan amendment, or related notice of
20 impending development, make a consistency determination, or
21 issue a permit for the north coast corridor project shall be reviewed
22 under the substantial evidence standard.

23 (e) A notice of determination issued pursuant to Section 21108
24 or 21152 of the Public Resources Code after January 1, 2011, but
25 prior to January 1, 2012, for a project subject to this section shall
26 be suspended by the department until it is determined that the
27 project's environmental documents are consistent with the
28 provisions of this section.

29 SEC. 3. Section 149.10 is added to the Streets and Highways
30 Code, to read:

31 149.10. (a) Notwithstanding Sections 149 and 30800 of this
32 code, and Section 21655.5 of the Vehicle Code, the San Diego
33 Association of Governments (SANDAG) may conduct, administer,
34 and operate a value pricing and transit development program on
35 the State Highway Route 5 in managed lanes serving as a
36 high-occupancy vehicle expressway. The program, under the
37 circumstances described in subdivision (b), may direct and
38 authorize the entry and use of the State Highway Route 5
39 high-occupancy vehicle lanes by single-occupant vehicles during
40 peak periods, as defined by SANDAG, for a fee. The amount of

1 the fee shall be established from time to time by SANDAG, and
2 collected in a manner determined by SANDAG.

3 (b) Implementation of the program shall ensure that Level of
4 Service C, as measured by the most recent issue of the Highway
5 Capacity Manual, as adopted by the Transportation Research
6 Board, is maintained at all times in the high-occupancy vehicle
7 lanes, except that subject to a written agreement between the
8 department and SANDAG that is based on operating conditions
9 of the high-occupancy vehicle lanes, Level of Service D shall be
10 permitted on the high-occupancy vehicle lanes. If Level of Service
11 D is permitted, the department and SANDAG shall evaluate the
12 impacts of these levels of service of the high-occupancy vehicle
13 lanes, and indicate any effects on the mixed-flow lanes.
14 Continuance of Level of Service D operating conditions shall be
15 subject to the written agreement between the department and
16 SANDAG. Unrestricted access to the lanes by high-occupancy
17 vehicles shall be available at all times. At least annually, the
18 department shall audit the level of service during peak traffic hours
19 and report the results of that audit at meetings of the program
20 management team.

21 (c) Single-occupant vehicles that are certified or authorized by
22 SANDAG for entry into, and use of, the State Highway Route 5
23 high-occupancy vehicle lanes are exempt from Section 21655.5
24 of the Vehicle Code, and the driver shall not be in violation of the
25 Vehicle Code because of that entry and use.

26 (d) SANDAG shall carry out the program in cooperation with
27 the department and shall consult the department in the operation
28 of the project and on matters related to highway design and
29 construction. With the assistance of the department, SANDAG
30 shall establish appropriate traffic flow guidelines for the purpose
31 of ensuring optimal use of the express lanes by high-occupancy
32 vehicles.

33 (e) (1) Agreements between SANDAG, the department, and
34 the Department of the California Highway Patrol shall identify the
35 respective obligations and liabilities of those entities and assign
36 them responsibilities relating to the program. The agreements
37 entered into pursuant to this section shall be consistent with
38 agreements between the department and the United States
39 Department of Transportation relating to this program and shall
40 include clear and concise procedures for enforcement by the

1 Department of the California Highway Patrol of laws prohibiting
2 the unauthorized use of the high-occupancy vehicle lanes. The
3 agreements shall provide for reimbursement of state agencies, from
4 revenues generated by the program, federal funds specifically
5 allocated to SANDAG for the program by the federal government,
6 or other funding sources that are not otherwise available to state
7 agencies for transportation-related projects, for costs incurred in
8 connection with the implementation or operation of the program.
9 Reimbursement for SANDAG's program-related planning and
10 administrative costs in the operation of the program shall not
11 exceed 3 percent of the revenues.

12 (2) All remaining revenue shall be used in the State Highway
13 Route 5 corridor exclusively for (A) the improvement of transit
14 service, including, but not limited to, construction of transit
15 facilities and support for transit operations, and (B) high-occupancy
16 vehicle facilities.

17 (f) SANDAG, the North County Transit District, and the
18 department shall cooperatively develop a single transit
19 improvement plan for the State Highway Route 5 corridor.

20 SEC. 4. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to
21 Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because
22 the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school
23 district are the result of a program for which legislative authority
24 was requested by that local agency or school district, within the
25 meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code and Section
26 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution.